Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

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☞ *The price of this Gazette is* EIGHT DOLLARS *per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

*** *No Subscription will be received for a shorter term than six months.*

December 1 1799.

This Day Published,
By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut Street,
(Price 25 Cents)
THE
Death of General Washington.
A POEM.
In imitation of the manner of Ossian.
By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A. M.
Minister of the First Presbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia.

☞ Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be published on Monday morning.
March 15. d.

PROPOSALS
By WILLIAM COBBETT,
For importing the following periodical publications:

1. The British Critick;
2. The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine;
3. The Gentleman's Magazine;
4. Le Mercure Britanique, or The British Mercury.

THE *British Critick* is a regular Review of all the works published in Great Britain; it is conducted with great impartiality and ability, and of the numerous publications of the kind which do now appear, and which have appeared in Great Britain; it is universally allowed to be the best.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine is as its title seems to indicate, rather more confined, as to the nature of its subjects, but it certainly is not less calculated for extensive utility. This work is divided into four departments: 1 Original Criticism—2 A Review of the other Reviews—3 Occasional Essays, in prose and verse—and 4th, A Monthly Summary of History and Politics. Every six months it has a supplement, containing a review of foreign works, not forgetting those of America. The Anti-Jacobin dwells less on subjects which are merely literary and scientific, than on those which have a more immediate influence on society. With a bold and masterly hand, it corrects the blunderings of error, traces the intricate windings of misrepresentation, and strips off the mask of hypocrisy. The avowed champion of the church and the state, it spares the enemies of neither, whether open or secret; and, scorning the pusillanimous defensive, upon which the friends of truth have too long acted, it carries on a continual and vigorous offensive warfare against anarchy, immorality, and irreligion, and thus establishes by its uniform conduct, its right to the title it has assumed.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

The Gentleman's Magazine, a work stamped with the approbation of three score years, consists chiefly, of communications from antiquaries and cultivators, and of original essays, in verse and prose written by the most learned and ingenious men in the kingdom, and embracing by turns, almost every subject interesting to man. The miscellaneous part of the work is followed by a selection of authentick foreign and domestick intelligence, including official reports, state-papers, and an abstract of the proceedings in parliament; next comes a very copious obituary, being not merely a list of deaths, but a valuable series of biography; to which is added, a Meteorological Diary and Table, a Bill of Mortality for London and its environs, a table of the average prices of corn, and of the stocks, for every day in the month: So that this work must ever be an entertaining and useful companion, not only to those who are of the learned professions, commonly so called, but to the merchant, the farmer, and, in short, to every man, whatever may be the subject of his study, or the object of his pursuit.

[*Price 40 Cents.*]

Le Mercure Britannique, or, *British Mercury*; by Monsieur Mallet Du Pan.—This work, of which one number is published every fortnight, in French and in English, commenced in August 1798, and is continued with encreasing spirit and celebrity. It is both *historical* and *critical*; it contains a summary, and is the repository, of all the important events, established facts and public instruments, which relate to the present æra; it investigates points of fact, of politics, and national rights; it extends its view over all the nations of Europe, examines the conduct and discloses the motives of their respective courts; it is in short a brief and comprehensive history of the times, equally remarkable for the elegance of its style, the profundity of its remarks, and the soundness of its principles.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

These four works comprise every thing useful in the periodical way. Gentlemen may subscribe for all, or for either, of them. The first order is intended to be sent off on the 1st of May next; the successive numbers will be received at New York in two months upon an average after, their publication in London; so that those which are subscribed for on or before the 1st of May, will be received in September; after which they will with very little irregularity, come to hand once a month, the importer having made such arrangements as cannot fail of securing punctuality on the part of his correspondents.

☞ Subscriptions will be received from any part of America, by J. W. FENNO, Philadelphia. No advance is required. The prices are but four cents a number higher than in London.

April 3.

THOMAS MURGATROYD & SONS
HAVE FOR SALE
At No. 35 Dock-street,
100 pieces gauze,
100 swords,
800 joiners tools,
140 saddle trees,
12 fire fenders, brass tops,
100 brass compasses,
100 wood do.
April 9. ed2w

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
At their Store No. 5 Chesnut Street, have
FOR SALE,
The following Articles, viz.
First quality Russia Hemp
Russia Duck
Brandy in pipes, first and fourth proof
Madeira Wine in pipes and half pipes
Claret in cases
Winter and Summer pressed, Spermaceti Oil
Spermaceti Candels, and
Hyson Tea, latest importation
March 24. mwfrm

To Merchants.

MERCHANTS Accounts elegantly opened, Books neatly and correctly potted, with various other kinds of writing, by a person thoroughly acquainted with accounts.

Gentlemen extensively concerned, may find it to their interest to put business in this line into his hands, as the fullest confidence may be reposed in him and ample satisfaction given.

Address a line to B. A. and leave it with the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, March 19. 3tawtf

NOTICE.

A CERTIFICATE of one Share of the Bank of the United States, No. 29120, in the name of Lewis Peter Quinyn, and a Certificate of two Shares of the said Bank, No 29119, in the name of George James Cholmondely, Earl of Cholmondely, were forwarded from New-York by the Chesterfield British Packet for Falmouth, which was captured by the French, and the Certificates lost or destroyed, and for which application is made at said Bank for the renewal thereof, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

February 21. d3m.

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE POSSESSORS

OF OBLIGATIONS or CERTIFICATES signed by the subscriber, for undivided Shares or Lots on his purchase within the city of Washington, who have not yet applied for and received their Deeds, are hereby notified, that their several Titles will be duly completed to the order of those who in conformity with the terms of the said Certificates, do make the Payments in full therefor, either to *Thomas M'Kean & Co.* or to the Subscriber at Philadelphia, on or at any time before the 31st day of May next.

Samuel Blodget.

December 17

BOONETON IRON WORKS.

TO BE SOLD,
OR LEASED FOR ONE YEAR—THAT
Valuable Estate,

KNOWN by the name of the Boonetown Iron Works, situate in the county of Morris in the state of New-Jersey, consisting of a Forge with four fires, a Rolling and Slitting Mill, a Grist mill with two Runs of stones, and Saw mill, all in good order and new in use, together with an excellent, large, and convenient house, with out houses of every kind; among which are an Ice house, and stone milk house, with a remarkable fine spring in it, a large Garden, and an excellent collection of Fruit, a large Orchard, and 2500 acres of wood, pasture and arable land, and a great number of stores and workmen's houses. Immediate possession will be given of houses and stores sufficient for providing stock the present winter, and possession of the whole in the spring.

For terms enquire of David B Ogden at Newark, mr Peter Mackie in New-York, mr. David Ford in Morris Town, or messrs. Jacob and Richard Faesch on the premises.

January 21.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED

FROM the Marine Barracks on the night of the 14th inst—JOHN OSBORN, born in the town of Bedford, West Chester county and state of New York, aged 22 years, 9 months, 5 feet 8 and a quarter inches high, grey eyes (long qued) light hair, ruddy complexion, pock marked, by trade a Shoemaker. Enlisted by Lieutenant Reynolds in Stephan's Town, near Albany the 25th of June last. Had on and took with him a short round blue cloth coat with a red cape, a blue cloth coatee, a few white waistcoats, a long grey mixed cloth coat and breeches, a pair of boots, a chocolate coloured great coat trimmed with black hair plush, a furr hat half worn, and two silver watches, one a middle size, the other small. He may impose himself on some family or gentleman as a waiter, as he has acted in that capacity—Whoever apprehends said Deserter, and secures him in jail, sends him to Headquarters, or delivers him to any of the Marine officers, or any officer of the army of the United States shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

J. S. LEWIS,
Adjutant Marine Corps.

January 16.

To be Rented,

AND immediate possession given, if required, a new two story Brick House and Kitchen, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, on the great road to Newtown. Enquire of the Printer.

march 27 dtf.

A SUMMER RETREAT.
TO BE RENTED,
A NEAT AND CONVENIENT
HOUSE,

ON the Frankford Road, two miles from the City, with a good Stable and Garden. Possession may be had immediately. For terms enquire of the Printer.

march 28. d10t.

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND
FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
A SKETCH OF THE
Life and Character
OF
PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNIKSKI,
Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias,
WITH
The History of his Campaigns.

Translated from the German of Frederick Anthing.

To which is added,
A concise and comprehensive History of
His Italian Campaign.
By William Cobbett.

With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.

[Price 2 1-2 Dollars.]

Portrait of Marshal Suworow.

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness, executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian Chieftain, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 12.

The Year 1800 is arrived!

UNION TAVERN,
In George-Town, upon the Potomak, is
FOR SALE,
Upon the premises, on the first Monday in May next.

THIS Tavern was built by the subscription of a number of gentlemen as a necessary and useful improvement to the town—It cost 16000 dollars in the year 1799 when materials and workmanship were much cheaper than at this time. The terms of subscription were that it should be sold to the highest bidder on the day above mentioned.

It is a handsome, substantial brick building, of three stories, fronting sixty feet on the most public street in the town, and running back sixty three feet upon a wide and convenient street—The house is admirably calculated for a tavern. It contains upon the first floor four large rooms, one of them 30 by 20 feet and another 23 by 20, besides a large bar and dressing room, upon the second floor is an elegant assembly room, 60 by 30 feet, and three convenient lodging rooms. Upon the third floor are ten excellent lodging rooms—the garrat admits of a division of ten more. There is also a good kitchen and commodious cellars sufficient for such a house. Passages and cross passages intersect the house in such a manner as to make each room private.

There are Stables sufficient for the accommodation of fifty horses, with convenient sheds for carriages—attached to the building are three lots of 60 feet by 120 each, which front on three streets, and in the back yard and not 20 yards from the kitchen is a copious and never failing spring of most excellent running water.

The nature of improvements and their convenience to the city of Washington must render this property a most desirable acquisition to any person who may wish to carry on a tavern upon an extensive scale. The immediate removal of the government of the United States must receive to it full and complete custom.

The terms of sale are, one third in cash—one third in 120 days and the other third in 240 days, to be secured by approved notes negotiable at the Bank of Columbia or at either of the Banks in Baltimore, possession to be given on the day of sale and a perfect title made clear, of all incumbrances, on the last payment being made.

THOMAS BEALL, of Geo.
DANIEL REINTZEL, } Trustees.

February 25. [March 8] tawtrMay

Just Published, and to be Sold,
(Price 25 Cent,)
By ZACHARIAH POULSON, Junr.
No 106, Chesnut Street,
AN ANALYSIS
OF
The Report of the Committee
OF THE
VIRGINIA ASSEMBLY,
ON THE
Proceedings of sundry of the other States,
IN
ANSWER TO THEIR RESOLUTIONS.
BY ALEXANDER ADDISON.

The said Poulson has now in the press, and speedily will be published,
REPORTS OF CASES,
Argued and determined in the High Court of Admiralty;
Commencing with the Judgments of the Right Hon. Sir William Scott, Michaelmas term 1798.
By Christopher Robinson, L. L. D. *Advocate.*
VOL. I.—PART I.

April 19. 2aw3w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the President and Directors of the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following Certificates of Shares in the said Bank, which were lost on board the ship John, of Baltimore, Hugh Davey, master, bound to London, viz:

B. No. 29884
29885 } Each for one share, in the name
29886 } of Tho's Holy, Sheffield (G. B)
29887 } dated 1st January, 1800;
29888

Of which application, all persons concerned, will please to take notice.

SAMUEL STERETT.

Baltimore, 5th april, 1800 2aw3m

WAR DEPARTMENT,
March 12, 1800.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT separate proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations, which may be required for the use of the United States, from the 1st day of October, 1800, to the 30th day of September, 1801, both days inclusive, at the places and within the two districts hereinafter first mentioned; and also that separate proposals will be received at the said office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required as aforesaid, from the 1st day of January in the year 1801, to the 31st day of December in the same year, both days inclusive, at the place and within the several states hereinafter mentioned, viz.

First. Proposals to supply all rations, that may be required, at Oswego; at Niagara; at Pittsburg; at Presqu'ile; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque Town, and Loramies stores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie; at Fort Knox, and Quatonon on the river Wabash; at Massac; at any place or places on the river Mississippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illonois river.

Second. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the east side of the Mississippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the southern boundary of the state of Kentucky and within the said state; at Knoxville; at all posts and places within the state of Tennessee; at South West Point: at Tellico Block House; at St. Sevens, or other fort or post on the rivers Mobille or Tombigby, and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the southern boundary of the state of Tennessee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at Point Petre; at Coleraine, at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of Georgia; at all forts or stations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek nation, within the limits of the United States, where trsops are or may be stationed.

Fourth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnston, at Fort Pinckney, at Charleston, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of South-Carolina.

Fifth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beacon island, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville; at Salisbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of North-Carolina.

Sixth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portsmouth, at Kempsville, at Charlotteville, at Winchester, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leesburg, at Fredericksburg, at Cartersville, at Harper's ferry, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited, in the state of Virginia.

Seventh. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagerstown, at Bladensburg, at George town, at Eastown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Maryland.

Eighth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaster, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Bristol, at York town, at Carlisle, at Lewistown (Mifflin county) at Bedford, at Greensburg, at Washington, at Eastown, at Wilmington, at Christiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the states of Pennsylvania and Delaware, except the posts within the state of Pennsylvania, enumerated in the first propofals aforesaid.

Ninth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Harkensac, at Elizabethtown, at New-Brunswick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Jersey.

Tenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at New York, at West Point, at Flushing, at Haerlem, at West Chester, at Poughkepsie, at Konderhook, at Stillwater, at Newberg, at Albany, at Conajoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of New York, except the posts within the said state enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Eleventh. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Brooklyn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield, at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Connecticut.

Twelfth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Rhode-Island.

Thirteenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portland in the District of Maine, Gloucester, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boston, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Massachusetts.

Fourteenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portsmouth, at Exeter, at Windsor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any fort, place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the States of New Hampshire and Vermont.

The rations to be supplied, is to consist of the following articles, viz. eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of sifted or boulted Indian meal, one pound and a quarter of fresh beef, or one pound of salted beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted pork, and when fresh meat is issued, salt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations; soap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the proposals will also extend to the supply of rum, whisky, or other ardent spirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The proposals will specify the price of the several component parts of the ration, as well as those of substitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities as that there shall at all times, during the term of the proposed contracts be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara and Oswego, for six months in advance, and at each of the other posts on the western waters, for at least three months in advance, of good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is also to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or of posts, to call for at seasons when the same can be transported, or at any time in the case of urgency, such supplies of like provisions in advance, as in the discretion of the commandant shall be deemed proper. It is to be understood that the contractor is to bear the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops, and all loss sustained, by the depredations of an enemy, or by the means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the article captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles, for which compensation shall be claimed.

The privilege is to be understood to be reserved to the United States of requiring, that none of the supplies which may be furnished under any of the proposed contracts shall be issued, until the supplies which have or may be furnished under contracts now in force have been consumed, and that a supply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed posts on the Sea-b ard or Indian frontiers, not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

March 24. tawtr July

GLASS MANUFACTORY.

THE PROPRIETORS
Of the Pittsburgh Glass Works,

HAVING procured a sufficient number of the most approved European Glass Manufacturers, and having on hand a large stock of the best Materials, on which their workmen are now employed, have the pleasure of assuring the public, that window glass of a superior quality and of any size, from 7 by 9, to 18 by 24 inches, carefully packed in boxes containing 100 feet each, may be had at the shortest notice. Glass of larger sizes for other purposes, may also be had, such as for pictures, coach glasses, clock faces, &c. Bottles of all kinds and of any quantity may also be had, together with pocket flasks, pickling jars, apothecary's shop furniture, or other hollow ware—the whole at least 25 per cent. lower than articles of the same quality brought from any of the sea ports of the United States. A liberal allowance will be made on sale of large quantities. Orders from merchants and others will be punctually attended to on application to JAMES O'HARA or ISAAC CRAIG, or at the Store of Messrs. PRATHER and SMILIE, in Market-Street, Pittsburgh.

March 4, tuthtf.

IMPORTED
In the Harmony, Captain Kollock, from Calcutta,
AND FOR SALE
By JOHN MILLER, Jun.
(No. 80, Dock Street)

Pepper,
Sugar, and } of the first quality.
Hyson Tea,

ALSO,
250 Bales well chosen low priced Piece Goods.

☞ Apply to John Miller, Jun or Alexander J. Miller.

April 9. 2tawtf

The Subscriber

TAKES this method of once more informing the Public, that the partnership of Moses Chapline and Robert M'Clure, which was entered into for the purpose of retailing Goods in the town of West Liberty and Commonwealth of Virginia, on the tenth day of August, 1790, expired on the tenth day of August 1793, agreeable to the term stipulated in their article of copartnership:

MOSES CHAPLINE.

February 12. 1aw6w.

For Sale,
The Cargo of the ship Molly, captain Swain, from Batavia,
CONSISTING OF
SUGAR in whole and half cannisters,
Ceribon Coffee,
Black Pepper,
Sapan Dye Wood,
Ebony, and
Thirty two bales of Cotton Yarn.
ALSO, THE SAID
SHIP

MOLLY,

BURTHEN four thousand three hundred barrels of Flour, mounts 18 nine pounders, with shot and small arms compleat and is newly coppered to the bends with patent copper. Apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

March 25. tu.th&fa.tf

Valuable Property for Sale,
In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL.

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

No. 198 Chesnut st. next door to the premises.

march 5 tu.th.fa.tf

Foreign Intelligence.

Lateſt from Europe.

By the Helen, *Capt.* Harraden, *in 47 days from London, arrived at Salem.*

LONDON, Febuary 22.

Yeſterday Mr. Pitt contracted with Meſſrs. Robarts and Co. Sir Francis Baring, and Mr. Giles, for the loan of twenty millions and a half; which he obtained at the rate of 4l. 14s. 2d. intereſt per cent. Notwithſtanding the high terms at which the loan was taken, it bore a premium of 2¼ per cent immediately. The loan was taken on lower terms, than on five preceding years.

Reſpecting the commencement of hoſtilities, it appears that Moreau is traverſing Switzerland, while the right wing of his army draws away from the Mein and Neckar towards the Upper Rhine and Switzerland. The preparations for opening the campaign in this quarter are ſaid to be immenſe, and in the greateſt forwardneſs. The left wing is ſtill in the neighbourhood of Mentz. Near Old Briſach the French pretend to ſome advantage obtained by the garriſon over the Imperial army.

At Genoa it is confeſſed that the ſcarcity is nearly allied to famine. The bakers ſhops are ſaid to be beſieged day and night, and an inſurrection is hourly expected.—Our readers will not omit to connect this intelligence with the blockade of that city, announced in Saturday's Gazette. Upon the land ſide the Auſtrians allow no communication with it.

The war in La Vendee appears to be drawing near its end.

The port of Genoa is declared to be in a ſtate of ſiege by the Britiſh ſquadron. We obſerve with extreme ſatisfaction the reſumption of meaſures of vigour by our ſquadrons in thoſe ſeas.

Wines, probably owing to the report that they were to be ſubjected to further duties, experienced, during the laſt week, an advance in price of about two pounds a pipe, &c. viz. Liſbon, from 74 a 78 to 76 a 80l per pipe; Madeira, 80 a 90 to 86 a 92l; Bucellas, 72 a 78l; Mountain, 72 a 90 to 74 a 90l; and Sherry, 76 a 82 to 80 a 84l. per butt.

The importation of wheat was laſt week limited to about 2000 quarters, chiefly from Copenhagen.

The price of rice has recently experienced a conſiderable advance; beſt American rice, ſome time back, could not obtain ſale at 20 and 22s per cwt. it now ſells at 42s. and in conſequence of a report that government are buying large quantities for the ſupply of the Ruſſion troops at Jerſey and Guernſey, it is expected to be much higher.

Beſt Engliſh flour is from 95 to 100s. per ſack; beſt foreign flour is from 38 to 39s per ſack.

The cotton market continues heavy, and the price on the decline. Sugars, generally, dearer.

February 27.

The Conſular Guard eſtabliſhed at Paris is to conſiſt of three thouſand ſix hundred men, moſt of whom are ſomething above the common rank of a ſoldier. Murat, brother-in-law to Buonaparte, is the commander of this corps, and Madame Buonaparte's ſon is the captain of the Guides. Great expence has been employed in mounting this guard, which is placed on a ſimilar footing with the Swiſs Guards under the ancient regime. A hall has been fitted up in the Thuilleries, in the moſt ſplendid manner, as a rendezvous for them.

It is ſaid that Buonaparte will take the command of the army of the Rhine, that Berthier will accompany him, and that Carnot will be Miniſter at War. Baudin, who commanded at Ancona, has been killed at Genoa by a ſtab of a knife. Barthelemy, late a member of the Directory, named a candidate by Buonaparte, for the Conſervative Senate, has been elected a member.

The ſtate of Switzerland is, in every reſpect, truly deplorable: the children of the moſt opulent perſons can no longer be ſubſiſted, and hundreds of them are continually ſent from the interior of the country to the frontiers, where there is a better chance of procuring the means of exiſtence.

A farmer near Exeter, miſſing one of his ſheep laſt week, in ſearching his fields, found the ſkin and head attached to it with the following note. "Sir, you are rich, but we are very poor; ſo when this mutton's eat we'll come for more."

DUBLIN, February 18.

In the high debate laſt night on the queſtion of the Union, Mr. Grattan gave a ſmart phillippic againſt the advocates of the meaſure. In alluding to Mr. Corry, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Grattan called him "a parliamentary declaimer, a political pedlar, a trimmer, who comes to Parliament to proſtitute his talents and his principles, firſt for bread, and then for a ſtation; and for that ſtation riſking the peace of the country, and the lives of the people." Mr. Corry, in reply, ſaid, if he meant to be perſonal towards Mr. Grattan, he "would have accuſed him of aſſociating with traitors, and of having been privy to treaſon, of having created rebellion, and then flying from its conſequences; and of having made that people on whoſe bounty he ſubſiſted, the wretched inſtruments of his ambition." He concluded by ſaying, "the hon. gentleman had returned to inflame that Parliament which ought to be employed in an examination of his conduct." Mr. Grattan, in return, was pointed and ſevere; he almoſt in expreſs terms called Mr. C. a ruffian, a jackanapes, and a coward; and ſaid, that had Mr. C. uttered what he did without the walls of that houſe *his anſwer would have been a blow.*" The Chancellor of the Exchequer immediately retired, and ſent in a meſſage by General Craddock to Mr. Grattan, demanding ſatisfaction. Mr. Grattan inſtantly left the houſe, accompanied by Mr. Metge. The parties met and fought. Mr. Corry was wounded in the arm. The ball was immediately extracted, and the wound being dreſſed, Mr. Corry returned to the Houſe before the diviſion.

Februnry 19.

The main queſtion of Union has been at length carried in a committee. A deſultory but fierce and angry debate was terminated at eleven this morning, by a diviſion on the chairman leaving the chair.

Ayes,	162
Noes,	116
Majority,	46

VIENNA, February 3.

Yeſterday arrived here, as unexpectedly as it was ſudden, a courier from Peterſburg, with diſpatches to our court of the very higheſt importance. Paul the Firſt, having yielded to the repreſentations of Suwarrow in regard to the miſunderſtandings which had ariſen between the two imperial courts, has for the fourth time, changed the deſtination of the Ruſſian army. In conſequence, he has ordered his army to return to the Rhine, where it will receive reinforcements without delay. The intendant of the magazines for ſupplying the Ruſſian troops, reſident in this city, has alſo received a courier from Suwarrow, ordering him to remain here, and to continue his functions.

Letters from Lintz, dated the 3d of Feb. contain the following article:—"A courier from Vienna has brought to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Conde, diſpatches which have unexpectedly cauſed an alteration in the meaſures taken for his departure, that was fixed for to-morrow. The Prince immediately diſpatched an order to his corps to remain in their cantonments."

Accounts from the Banks of the Mein of the 10th Feb. ſtate with every mark of confidence, the certainty of the Ruſſian army, commanded by Suwarrow, having received a counter order, and that it is to march to the Rhine. We alſo learn from Memmingen, that an order has been received there to provide proviſions for 14,000 Ruſſians, who are to arrive there in a very ſhort time.

[The following remarks on theſe important articles are made in "*The Times*," an authentic London paper.]

February 24.

Yeſterday morning an expreſs reached our office from Dover, with the Paris papers to the 19th inſt. incluſive. They contain intelligence of the moſt important nature; which we are happy to find confirmed by advices received on Saturday from Holland, dated the 18th inſt.

Letters from Straſburgh of the 15th, and from Vienna of the 2d and 3d inſt. announce, that a Courier arrived at the latter place on the morning of the 2d, from Peterſburg, with diſpatches containing the determination of the Emperor Paul to continue the continental war againſt the common enemy with all his forces. The Ruſſian troops have accordingly been ordered to return once more to the Rhine. As this reconciliation is underſtood to have been the work of Marſhal Suwarrow, in conſequence of the conferences held at Prague, we are authorized to entertain the moſt ſanguine hopes of ultimate ſucceſs, as it is evident how much that brave and noble commander has at heart the real intereſts of Europe. It appears alſo, that the Cabinet of Vienna has refuſed a ſecond time the overtures of Buonaparte. We moſt ſincerely congratulate the public on this very intereſting intelligence.

STRASBURGH, Feb. 15.

"It was hoped that there would not be another campaign. But we have learnt that the Emperor has rejected the very moderate propoſals of peace which were offered to him by Buonaparte, and that he is reſolved to continue the war.

"The rumour ſpreads about that the Ruſſian army has received counter orders, and that it will return to the Rhine. This change is the conſequence of the conferences which Suwarrow had at Prague with Count Bellegarde and Lord Minto, and which Suwarrow repreſented to Paul the Firſt."

General Kray, who is at Vienna, is daily expected to leave that place for the Rhine. He will command the army which is to be oppoſed to the left wing, and will act independently of the Archduke Charles, who is to act againſt Moreau in Switzerland.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 1.

We have at length received intelligence from the army of the Grand Vizier. A courier ſent from Jaffa has brought the following report:—In the deſert which ſeparates Syria from Egypt is a caravenſera named Al Ariſch, where caravans ſtop and find proviſions. Gen. Kleber, knowing the importance of the place, converted it into a fort, in order to render the paſſage of the deſert more difficult to the Turkiſh army; a ſtrong garriſon was to be ſent as ſoon as the fort was properly victualled. This circumſtance attracted the attention of the Grand Vizier. Having learnt that a convoy of proviſions was on the way, he ſent a corps of troops to intercept it. This enterprize completely ſucceeded. The eſcort, conſiſting of 150 men, 70 of whom were French, was forced to yield to numbers, and the whole convoy was captured.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 28.

Seditious diſturbances become every day more alarming than was at firſt expected. The ſpirit of inſurrection has found its way to Gottenburg, and the fury of the people has triumphed over the military government. The inhabitants of Malmoe, a trading town of Gotha, have cut off the head of the commander of the troops diſpatched againſt them.

Such was the force of the inſurgents at Norkoping, and ſo great was their determination to act againſt the army, that a corps of 2000 grenadiers was found inſufficient to quell them, and though huſſars and artillery were diſpatched to their aſſiſtance from Stockholm, the former were diſarmed and the latter deprived of their cannon by the peaſants.

HAGUE, February 13.

For the laſt eight days, the cold has been as ſevere here as it was at the end of December and the beginning of January. All the canals are again frozen, and the communication by water is ſtopped.

The officers who were on board the fleet that ſurrendered to the Engliſh, have not yet had judgment paſſed on them. They were put under arreſt on their return from England, from whence they had been ſent on their paroles, and are now in the priſons of the Hague. Their trials will be ſoon ended. It is ſaid that ſeveral ſuperior officers will be ſhot.

IMPORTED

In the Harmony, capt. Kollock from Calcutta,

AND FOR SALE,

By JOHN MILLER, *Junr. No.* 80, *Dock-ſtreet,*

Coſſaes
Baftas
Emerties
Guzeenahs
Mamoories
Fine Handkerchiefs
Dorxas
Black Perſians
Hyſon Teas
Heavy Pepper } of excellent quality.
Sugar
Black Tin of the beſt kind.

Alſo, by the ſhip Pennſylvania, from Batavia,

JAVA COFFE & SUGAR.

April 17. dtf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

APRIL 21, 1800.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, in purſuance of the act of Congreſs, paſſed on the firſt day of March, one thouſand eight hundred, intituled "An act in addition to an act, intituled, an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the Society of the United Brethren for propagating the Goſpel among the Heathen," as follows;

1ſt. All the fractional parts of the quarter townſhips adjoining to the Indian boundary line of the tract of land referred to in ſaid act, except the fractional quarter townſhips number *four* in townſhip number *ſeven* of range number *twenty*; alſo, all the fractional parts of the quarter townſhips adjoining to the river Scioto, except the quarter townſhips number *one* and *four*, in townſhip number *one* of range number *nineteen*; the quarter townſhips number *two* and *three* of townſhip number *three*, in range number *nineteen*; and the quarter townſhips number *one* and *four* in townſhip number *five* of range number *twenty*; together with the *fifty* quarter townſhips hereafter deſcribed, are reſerved to be located, for the original holders of warrants granted for military ſervices, or their heirs, in lots of one hundred acres, purſuant to the act above recited.

2d. The following is a deſcription of the fifty quarter townſhips referred to in the preceding article and which were deſignated by lot in the preſence of the Secretary of War, purſuant to the act above recited:

Range.	Townſhip.	Qr. Town.	Range.	Townſhip.	Qr. Town	Range.	Townſhip.	Qr. Town.
1	1	3	6	2	1	10	1	2
	8	2		6	2		3	4
	8	4		7	3		8	1
	10	1		8	2	11	6	1
2	2	3		8	3		8	1
	3	4	7	4	2	13	8	4
	5	1		6	1	15	1	3
	5	3		7	2		2	2
3	1	1	8	2	1		7	3
	7	1		2	3		7	4
	7	2		4	3	16	2	4
	8	4		5	1		3	4
4	4	3		7	3		6	1
	10	3		9	3		7	2
5	3	3	9	1	3		7	4
	7	1		7	4	17	7	4
	9	3		9	4			

3d. All the lands in each of the above fifty quarter townſhips, and in the fractional parts of quarter townſhips before deſcribed, have been divided upon the reſpective plats thereof, as returned by the Surveyor General, into as many lots of one hundred acres each, as the quantity ſuch quarter townſhip or fraction is ſtated to contain will admit, in the manner pointed out and required by the above recited act.

4th. The plats divided as aforeſaid into lots of one hundred acres are depoſited in the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury where the locations are to be made; and upon ſurrendering the warrants which ſhall be thus located, patents will be iſſued in the manner and upon the conditions preſcribed by law.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia the day and year abovementioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

april 22. d1w—2aw3m.

A Summer Retreat.

A convenient and Genteel Houſe, ſituated in Trenton, to be let or ſold. Poſſeſſion will be given the 1ſt of June next. Enquire of the Printer.

March 25. e06w.

CHINA GOODS.

Imported in the ſhip New Jerſey, *from Canton, and for ſale by Archibald McCall, No.* 187 *South Second Street,*

White and Yellow Nankeens,
Imperial, Hyſon, Young Hyſon, Hyſon ſkin,
Bohea and Souchong Teas,
Black Sattins and Luteſtrings, Hair Ribbon,
Caſſia, and Rheubarb in cheſts,
Sugar in boxes and bags.

ALSO ON HAND,

A ſmall aſſortment of China ware, and a few Hhds Prime Jamaica Sugers.

April 4. dtf

34 hhds. Jamaica prime Sugars;

Juſt arrived in ſhip Terrific,

And Landing at Walnut-ſtreet Wharf;

FOR SALE BY

THOMAS KETLAND.

April 21 dtf

THIS DAY LANDING,

From on board the ſchooner Godfrey, captain Atkinſon, from Martinique,

And for ſale, by

SAMUEL RHOADS,
No. 1, Penn ſtreet.

20 hogſheads
9 tierces
26 barrels } firſt quality SUGARS
And 30 hogſheads Molaſſes,

April 21. e03t

A NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

To Merchants, Store-keepers and Tradeſmen in general, &c.

GENTLEMEN,

I FEEL peculiar pleaſure in ſtating, that you have ſo generouſly and generally come forward and ſubſcribed for my work, that (notwithſtanding all proviſoes heretofore made by me) the coins and monies of account of the principal maritime trading places in *Ruſſia, Sweden, Denmark, Norway, Pruſſia, Poland, Germany, Holland, Flanders, Spain, Portugal, Italy*, in ſeveral of the *windward* and *leeward Weſt India Iſlands*, and many ports in the *Eaſt Indies*—the whole to be reduced to dollars and cents; and the beſt mode of computing the exchange with thoſe places explained; alſo, a large ſheet table of calculations at compound intereſt at 6 per cent. the tables uſed in banks for the determination of the value of gold: the intereſt of each month from one to twelve months, on every dollar (without exception) from one to two thouſand; and a table of all the poſt towns in the United States; beſides much other general uſeful information, ſhall poſitively be added to the work, entitled

ROWLETT'S

Tables of Diſcount or Intereſt,

On every dollar (without exception)

From one to two thouſand; thence on every ten, fifty, and five hundred, to five thouſand, from one day to ſixty-four days incluſive, at ſix per cent. with notes for 5, 7 and 8 per cent, &c. &c. &c.

The work is dedicated, by permiſſion, to the Preſident and Directors of the Bank of North America, and received in the firſt twelve days the patronage of JOHN ADAMS, Preſident of the United States; of THOMAS JEFFERSON, Vice Preſident of the United States and Preſident of the Senate; of two-thirds of the Senators and Members of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States; and of the Preſidents and Directors of the different Banks unanimouſly, &c.—a liſt of the whole is printed and attached to the propoſals.

It is evident that the work will be no trumpery catch-penny-thing; for I do aſſure the public, that the price of it is reduced very near *one-half*, according to the uſual rate at which books ſell; and it is my full determination to render it, in point of SUBJECT MATTER, a valuable acquiſition.

With reſpect to the accuracy of the Tables, too much cannot be ſaid, and I pledge myſelf that a PREMIUM of not leſs than ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS ſhall be offered to the firſt perſon who ſhall inform me of a *ſingle error of one cent*, according to the principle acted upon.

To do away all doubts with reſpect to the expences of the undertaking, I do *moſt ſolemnly declare* that they will amount to very near FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS, and perhaps more, independent of any remuneration for my own trouble in the *arduous buſineſs*, and the great expence already incurred for ſpecimens, propoſals, advertiſements, hand-bills, &c. &c.

I do therefore truſt with confidence, that gentlemen will continue to come forward with that public ſpirit and generoſity which characterize the nation, and ſupport the work by ſubſcribing to it without heſitation: otherwiſe it cannot be publiſhed, and I muſt ſit down to reflect upon a CONSIDERABLE LOSS.

And am, with profound reſpect,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient humble ſervant,
JOHN ROWLETT,
Accomptant, Bank North America.

Poſtſcript.—Gentlemen are reſpectfully invited to ſee Specimens of the Tables, &c. exhibited at the City-tavern, Hardy's Hotel, Francis's Hotel, the Indian Queen, Dudwoody's tavern, the Franklin Head and at the George; and pleaſe be referred to the other advertiſements which appear every day in ſome one of the newſpapers.

Subſcribers are to pay *nothing until the book is delivered* rigorouſly conformable to all ſtipulations.

Copy right ſecured according to act of Congreſs.

march 27. eW.tf.

THE UNDERSIGNED,

HIS Swediſh Majeſty's Conſul General, and authorized to tranſact the Conſular Buſineſs, for his Majeſty the King of Denmark in the United States of America, reſiding at Philadelphia,

Hereby gives public Notice,

That in obedience to recent inſtructions received from his government, it is the duty of all Maſters of Swediſh and Daniſh veſſels, before their ſailing from any port in the ſaid States, to call upon him or the Vice Conſul in order to be granted ſuch Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the ſtate of the Neutral Commerce and the ſeveral Decrees of the Belligerent Powers, render indiſpenſably neceſſary, and, that any Maſter of veſſels belonging to the reſpective nations, or navigating under the protection of their flags, in omitting to take ſuch certificates, will perſonally ſtand reſponſible for the conſequences.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.

Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

MANCHESTER,

INTENDED to return an early Fall ſhip—will take freight if applied for immediately

Thomas Murgatroyd & Sons.
35, Dock Street.

april 17 d1w

LANDING

At Walnut Street Wharf,

THE CARGO

Of the Daniſh brig Friendſhip, Capt. P. Owness Former, from Archangel,

Conſiſting of

140 tons clear hemp
45 tons bar iron—aſſorted, flat and ſquare
50 bales Ruſſia duck
10 do. Ravens do.

FOR SALE BY
THOMAS KETLAND.

ALSO,

For Freight or Charter to Hamburg,

SAID BRIG

FRIENDSHIP.

She is in complete order, and will carry about 2,400 barrels.

April 21. dtf

IMPORTED,

In the ſhip Jean, Daniel M'Pherſon maſter, from Canton, an Aſſortment of

CHINA SILKS,

Conſiſting of
Black and coloured Luteſtrings
Black Sattins
Black Senchaws
Black and coloured Sewing Silks
Nankeens, Fans, &c.

Alſo on hand,

INDIA MUSLINS,
viz.
Guzzeenas
Gurrahs
Coſſas
Baftas, &c.——and
India Bandannas.

FOR SALE BY
ROBERT SMITH & Co.
No. 58, South Front Street.

April 7, d3w

THIS DAY

WILL be landed at Morton's wharf, from on board the brig Hope, Anderſon, from Jamaica

SUGARS & PIMENTO,

Apply to
MOORE WHARTON,
No. 111, South Water Street.

april 15. d6t.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

ISAAC & EDWARD PENINGTON,

SUGAR REFINERS,

Expired the 1ſt inſtant.

The Buſineſs is now conducted by Edward Pennington who is authorized to ſettle all accounts relative to the ſaid partnerſhip.

ISAAC PENINGTON,
EDWARD PENINGTON.

april 17. ¶dtot

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late houſe of *Irwin & Bryſon*, of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of ſuch monies of that firm, as have been received by the ſubſcriber, will be made on the twentieth day of May next among thoſe creditors who ſhall have before that time furniſhed their accounts properly atteſted to

WILSON HUNT.
Acting aſſignee.

April 21 dtsoM

NOTICE.

ALL Perſons having claims againſt *Richard S. Footman*, ſurviving partner of the houſe of Footman & Co. alſo thoſe having claims againſt the eſtate of *Richard S. Footman*, deceaſed, are deſired to exhibit their accounts, well authenticated; and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid firm are requeſted to make immediate payment to

JOHN M'CLELLEN,
Adminiſtrator to the eſtate of R. S. Footman.

Frankford, April 9. d3ot

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

a number of

Journeymen Taylors.

SUCH as are induſtrious and well diſpoſed, will meet with liberal encouragement, by applying to either of the ſubſcribers, at their reſpective places of abode.

James M'Alpin,
Charles C. & J. Watſon,
John Stiley,
James Cummings,
Selby Hickman,
Thomas Harriſon,
Caleb Hughes,
William M'Ilhenney,
Kenneth Jewell,
Benjamin Sharp,
Jacob Thomas
William Aſhby,
Enoch Wright,
Joſeph Wildes,
Benjamin Shaw,
John Webb.

April 14. dtf

LANCASTER STAGES.

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaſter line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the paſt favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, ſober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Thoſe who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, ſign of United States Eagle, Market ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.

Nov. 30. ¶ 2t—§

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 23.

From the American Eagle.

MR. PRINTER,

Claiming neither to be one of "the sovereign people," nor an indifferent spectator of public transactions, I have taken the liberty of reviewing the conduct of our agents in the late State Legislature. Of the impartiality or importance of my observations, your readers will be the judges. In every assembly of men of extraordinary mental faculties, events of consequence must naturally be expected; and it sometimes happens, when power is entrusted to Folly, actions as pernicious to society will occur, as if performed by the most refined depravity. The laboured efforts of the highly gifted villain Mirabeau did not, after months and years earnestly spent in their attainment, effect what Cloots, the orator of the human race, accomplished in a procession of the vagrants of all nations in Paris, that receptical of vagrants, in a single day. The operations of ambitious men in the General Government, are now well known, to be founded on the concurrence of the state Legislatures, whose ignorance may more effectually answer their purposes than ever their intentional wickedness—"obedient first; fierce servant of fierce lord."

Without further preliminary observations, we shall proceed in our review of the last sessions of our state legislature, whose acts have now become of importance, either relative to the Union at large, or more immediately to ourselves. The speech of the newly elected governor was that of a wise, moderate and sensible magistrate, and considered by itself well calculated to allay the heats and animosities occasioned by a violently contended election. The answer of the House of Representatives, accorded with the speech, as if written by the same pen.

The answers, however, of the governor to several presented by clubs of individuals, and the removal of several meritorious officers who had voted for the opposing candidate, at the late election, had extremely irritated the respectable minority in the one house, and brought forward a very spirited reply in the other. The discordance of the speech, with the answers to the clubs, and wanton removal of all who had not voted for his excellency, were noticed, and censured in very strong language; a reply was made, the first paragraph of which is attributed to the governor, and the remaining arguments to the secretary.

The first appearance of that party spirit which afterwards was displaced with so unblushing a face, was in the election of the State treasurer, where an attempt was made to leave out Mr. Baynton, without assigning any cause whatever, and then securing Mr. Bryan from censure under a pretended want of power in the house to punish for *any* breach of their privileges. The doctrine of privilege has received so full and satisfactory an examination in a most respectable place, that we will not venture a discussion. If ignorance could be reclaimed, the language of those persons in the senate whom Mr. Boileau, &c. most respect, would convince them of the powers of every public body to defend themselves when necessary, although there should be no positive law, or article in the constitution on the subject. The attack of Bryan was upon the members *in the house*, and for words *used in debate*:—The constitution says, for words spoke in debate, the members shall not be questioned elsewhere. There is, it will be admitted, no written law, pointing out the mode of punishment for breaches of privileges; but the practice of all the public legislative bodies in the Union, of all the courts of justice, and of that venerable prototype from whence we have drawn all our mode of legislation, whenever our own are silent, always have been, and ever must, be our guide. This doctrine was explicitly and publicly in my hearing, lately laid down by Mr. Jefferson, who added, that the rules of the British House of Commons were founded on the most consummate wisdom of any other public body he was acquainted with. The punishment for breaches of privilege by imprisonment, and reprimand has been the uniform practice of that house, of all the legislative bodies and courts of justice in the Union, and particularly by Mr. M'Kean in more than one instance. In my next number I shall review the same party attempting to punish Mr. Fisher for an alledged breach of privilege, not arising from words spoken in debate, or the public conduct of one of its members, but a mere private chastisement for personal rudeness.

The acquittal of Mr. Dallas, *written and dictated by himself*, together with an explanation of the dispute on the elector's bill, shall close my labors on this ungrateful subject.

A Northampton Farmer.

April 13, 1800.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 22.

Six per Cent.	16/6	
Three per Cent.	10/	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	15/8	
8 per Cent Stock	5⅞	
BANK United States,	26	Adv.
—— Pennsylvania,	21	
—— North America,	50	

Insurance comp. N. A. shares 5 per cent. below par.
—— Pennsylvania, shares, 24 per cent. adv.
East-India Company of N. A. 6 per cent advance
Land Warrants, 32 dolls. per 100 acres.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

London, 75 at 30 days
70 & 72½ at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam, 35 à 40 à-100 per florin
Hamburgh 30 2⅜ à-109 per Mark Banco.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, April 22.

Mr. Bird obtained leave of absence for 15 days.

The bill to establish the district of Kennebunk, and to annex Lyme to New-London; to alter the district of City Point and Bermuda Hundred; and therein to amend the act regulating the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, was read a third time, and passed.

The bill to incorporate a company, by the name and stile of the Mine and Metal Company, was also read a third time, and upon the question *shall the bill pass?* it was resolved in the negative—ayes 34,—noes 36.

On motion of Mr. Rutledge, the order of the House for meeting at 10 o'clock, was rescinded—ayes 42,—noes 33, and the House will in future meet at the usual hour, 11 o'clock.

Mr. Huger presented a petition of Savage Stillwell, merchant, of the city of Philadelphia; which was read and referred to the Committee of Claims.

The amendments of the Senate to the bill to divide the territory of the United States north-west of the Ohio, into two separate governments, was referred to a select committee.

Mr. Dennis, from the committee to whom was referred the amendments of the Senate, to the bill making further provision for the removal and accommodation of the Government of the United States, made report that it would be proper to accede to all the amendments.

The House concurred.

The bill to provide for the equalization of unseated lands, was agreed to, in Committee of the Whole, and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow.

Mr. D. Foster, from the Committee of Claims, to whom was referred the several petitions of Alexander Roxborough, Griffith Jones, David Jones, Thomas Leiper, Philip Bush, and sundry others; and a bill from the Senate, for the relief of the legal Representatives of Nathaniel Lapsley, deceased—all praying for the renewal of lost certificates—made report, that it would be inexpedient to grant the relief prayed for; and that the said bill from the Senate, ought not to pass.

This report was committed for Thursday next.

The bill to enlarge the powers of surveyors of the revenue, was taken up in Committee of the Whole, when Mr. Cooper offered an amendment, to obviate certain difficulties which exist in the assessment of patented lands in the State of New-York—which was opposed by Messrs. Nicholas and Harper, as introducing a new and, perhaps, dangerous principle.

On motion of Mr. Elmendorf, the Committee rose without coming to a decision, and leave was given to sit again.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the Whole on the report of the select Committee to whom was referred the amendments of the Senate to the bill supplementary to the act entituled an act for an amicable settlement of limits with the state of Georgia and authorising the establishment of a government in the Mississippi territory—Mr. Morris in the chair.

The Committee recommend a disagreement to the first amendment, which was concurred in.

The next amendment of the Senate, to strike out that part of the bill which declares the power of the Governor to prorogue the General Assembly, to be abrogated, was, after a short debate, concurred in—ayes 45,—noes 38.

The Senate also proposed to add a new section, in the following words:

And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the commissioners appointed, or who may hereafter be appointed, on the part of the United States, in pursuance of the act, entitled "An act for an amicable settlement of limits with the state of Georgia, and authorizing the establishment of a government in the Mississippi territory," or any two of them, finally to settle by compromise with the commissioners, which have been or may be, appointed by the state of Georgia, any claims, mentioned in said act, and to receive, in behalf of the United States, a cession of any lands therein mentioned, or of the jurisdiction thereof on such terms as to them shall appear *reasonable*: and also, that the said commissioners on the part of the United States, or any two of them, after such settlement with the state of Georgia shall be made, be authorized to settle by compromise with the parties interested any claims which are or shall be made by settlers or any other persons whatsoever to any parts of the aforesaid lands, which may be relinquished by the state of Georgia: *Provided*, that the settlement with Georgia and the claimants aforesaid, shall be made and completed before the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and three. *And provided also*, That the said commissioners shall not contract for the payment of any money from the treasury of the United States, other than the proceeds of the same lands.

Mr. Jones (Georgia) was in favor of the first part of the section; but was averse to the latter part, and urged the impropriety of Congress interposing in the manner which the section contemplated; and moved to strike out all that part of the section after the word—"reasonable" in the 16th line.

This motion was declared not to be in order by the chair.

After some debate, Mr. Gallatin appealed from the decision of the chair; and upon the question will the committee concur in that decision, it passed in the negative.

Mr. Jones then renewed his motion, and the committee rose, and obtained leave to sit again.

Mr. Claiborne, from the committee appointed to enquire into the operation of the act establishing trading houses with the Indians, and the expediency of continuing said act in force, made report, recommending the adoption of a resolution for continuing the act in force till the 3d day of March, 1803.

Adjourned.

The following are the names of the members of the select Committee, to whom is referred the bill prescribing the mode of deciding disputed elections of President and Vice President of the United States, viz. Messrs. Marshall, Sewall, C. Goodrich, Harper, Nicholas, Dennis and Bayard.

A BILL.

For the appointment of Admirals for the navy.

1. BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and hereby is authorised, by and with the advice of the Senate, to appoint a Vice Admiral to command the navy of the United States, with four Rear Admirals to aid in the better management.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the Vice Admiral shall be dollars per month, and rations per day, or money, as an equivalent therefor. And that the pay of a Rear Admiral shall be dollars per month, and rations per day, or money therefor as an equivalent.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Vice Admiral shall only receive his pay and rations whilst actually employed in the command of a fleet, and a Rear Admiral only whilst employed in the command of a squadron in actual service.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That any Admiral, commissioned as above, not actually employed in the command of a fleet or squadron shall only be entitled to receive half his monthly pay and rations.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Navy shall be divided into squadrons, and have such a variety in the flags that each may be known under the description of White, Blue and Red.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That each admiral whilst on duty shall be allowed a captain to aid and assist him on board the ship on which he shall hoist his flag, to be taken out of the captains in the navy.

The supply voted by the British Parliament for the year eighteen hundred is £.39,500,000.

By the last accounts from London, Mr. Gore and Mr. Cabot were to embark in about 10 days, on board one of the British packets, and many be hourly expected in this country. What brings them home we know not; probably, the business of the commission in London.

A letter from a respectable gentleman in London, to his friend in Boston says, "the envoys will be soon at Paris;—they will doubtless make a peace."

"Misfortunes visit even the righteous. Dr. Phlogiston, the incomparable Philosopher of the Human Race, lately blew up himself and all his family by the explosion of a quantity of air, which he was torturing with his experiments. We have not heard whether his splendid mansion which he talks so much about in his illuminated and illuminating letters, was or was not dephlogisticated along with him, into air, thin air.

EXTRACT.

A learned Rabbi of the Jews, at Aleppo, being dangerously ill, called his friends together, and desired them seriously to consider the various former captivities by their nation, as a punishment for the hardness of their hearts, and the present captivity which has continued sixteen hundred years, the occasion of which said he "is doubtless our unbelief.—We have looked for the Messiah; and the Christians have believed in one JESUS of our nation, who was of the seed of Abraham and David, and born in Bethlehem, and (for aught we know) may be the true Messiah, and we may have suffered this long captivity, because we have rejected him? Therefore, my advice is, as my last words, that if the Messiah, which we expect, do not come at or about the year 1750, reckoning from the birth of their Christ, then you may know and believe, that this *Jesus* is the CHRIST and you shall have no other."

THE MERRY FELON.

A felon going to execution on a cold day, and coming to a pond near Tyburn, desired the driver to stop that he might speak with the sheriff; who being come to him, he said thus—"Mr. Sheriff, I am now going to leave the world, and am loth to conceal any thing which may do others good; I confess, that the last robbery I committed was on this spot, and being closely pursued, I threw a large purse of money into this pond." The people hearing him tell this to the sheriff, notwithstanding the coldness of the weather, ran into the pond to search for the money, which they did for a long time, till they were weary, as was also the sheriff with staying; whereupon he came again to the fellow, and asked him if he was not mistaken? "No, (says he) my intention was to have some mirth and sport before I was hanged—I have now had my desire in seeing the people wet and cool themselves for nothing—you may now drive on when you please."

Anecdote of Pope Pius the sixth.

The late Pope Pius the VI. descended from an obscure family in Romagna, of the name of Braschi; not contented with the spiritual and secular sovereignty, and the tiara which fortune placed upon his head, was weak enough to think it derogatory of his diguity to be by birth a simple *Roturier*, and therefore took much pains to persuade the public that he and his progenitors were noblemen of the purest blood. This ridiculous solicitude naturally drew forth a number of sarcasms, too keen for his prejudiced feelings. Incessantly perplexed by a total want of authority he imagined that the best expedient for establishing his noble pedigree, would be, to produce some warrantable attribute thereof; and none could be thought more eligible than a coat of arms. The limner was immediately sent for; his Holiness desired him to dispose, in a judicious manner, an Eagle, some Pillars, some Stars, and a chain; emblems that must, beyond controversy, fix the beloved nobility of his ancestors back to the remotest antiquity. The pencil did justice to the sublime idea of the bright imagination of the Representative of St. Peter; and accordingly the board was placed over the porch of one of his Holiness's villas—when, the next day, the following satirical inscription was found on it:

Aquilam Imperio redde,
Redde Columnas Columnis*,
Sidera redde Cœlo,
Sola Catena tibi.

Restore the Eagle to the Empire, the Pillars to the Columna, and the Stars to Heaven. *The chain alone belongs to you.*

* Columnis averts to an ancient Roman family, still existing, and at present known as Princes Columna.

GENERAL ORDERS.

MACPHERSON's BLUES.

THE Legion will parade on Friday next the 25th inst. precisely at 4 o'clock P. M. at the Manége in Chesnut-Street completely equipped. The cavalry will form in the street South of the Manége. The other troops will form within; the Artillery without their Field-pieces.

The officers commanding the companies of Riflemen and Infantry in the County, are ordered to muster their respective commands, at any time and place most convenient, on or before the 2d day of May, by which time correct returns of men, Arms and Accoutrements must be delivered to the Quarter Master: as the commanding officer is anxious to ascertain the true state of the Corps—he expects the strictest attention will be paid to this order.

By order of Brig. Gen. Macpherson,
JOHN M'CAULEY Adjutant
April 18, dt25

VOLUNTEER GREENS.

THE Troop of Volunteer Greens will parade on Friday the 25th inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at their usual place of parade on the Bank of Schuylkill, completely equipped.

JOHN MORRELL, *Captain.*

NOTICE.

THE First Troop of Philadelphia Cavalry will meet on Friday next the 25th inst at four o'clock in the afternoon at the Manège in Chesnut street, properly equipped.

JOHN DUNLAP, *Captain.*

Port of Philadelphia.

Arrived—The ship Hiram, Whitney, in 63 days from Liverpool.

The ship Swansborough, Vredenburgh, for Baltimore, and schooner Betsey, Hastie, for Cape Francois are cleared.

Captain Whitney sailed the sixteenth February from Liverpool, with the ship John Adams (arrived a few days since) of and for Boston; British ship London, Roper, of and for Philadelphia parted from them the seventeenth in a gale of wind.

On the 25th March, in lat. 42, 30, N. to the eastward of the Grand Banks, spoke the ship John Adams, the Captain of which informed Captain Whitney, that after leaving him on the seventeenth February he put into Greenock to repair a leak, in company with the London, Roper, and that he sailed from thence the twentieth February and left there the London, to repair the damage sustained in a gale of wind. On the twenty-seventh of March, in lattitude 43, 00, N. longitude, 53, W. fell in with several extensive islands of ice, and with some difficulty extricated the ship from them—March thirty, in lattitude 41, 50, longtitude 54, spoke the ship Portland, from New York to Liverpool, out ten days. April five, spoke the schooner Hannah, Hooper, from Lisbon, bound to Marblehead, ninth April, in lattitude 40, longitude 65, spoke the ship Commerce, from Portland to St. Martins.

IMPORTED

In the Ship CANTON from China,
Richard Dale, Esq. Commander,
Yellow-Nankeens,
Silks,
Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Green and Souchong } TEAS.

Apply to the subscriber, or at Messrs. Willings and Francis's, Penn-street.

R. WILLING.
April 15. d2w.

I HAVE a good many LOTS in the city of Washington, some of them in desirable situations for gentlemen to live on; others on the water of Rock Creek, and fronting south on the street leading over the bridge, esteemed the best stands in the city for business. I wish to sell some of them; the title is clear. Any person inclined to purchase is requested to apply to Mr. Joshua Johnson, Mr. Cranch, Mr. Dunlap, Mr Hoben, or

THOMAS JOHNSON.
April 21. d4w

NEW THEATRE.

Mrs. Morris's Benefit.

☞ The Public are respectfully acquainted, that the new Entertainment of the NAVAL PILLAR, not being sufficiently in a state of preparation, for exhibition this evening, Mrs. Morris's Benefit is postponed until to-morrow, the 24th instant.

On Thursday Evening, April 24,
Will be presented a favorite Comedy, (not acted this season) called

EVERY ONE HAS HIS FAULT

To which will be added, a Musical Entertainment (never performed here) called

THE NAVAL PILLAR.

To conclude with a grand display of Emblematic Transparent Scenery, and Naval Decorations, with the

APOTHEOSIS
of the late illustrious
Lieutenant General Washington,

Designed by Mr. Holland, and executed by Mr. Milbourne, Mr. Holland, Mr. Robbins and Mr. Stuart.

A Characteristic *DANCE*, composed by Mr. Francis.

Principal Dancers, mr. Mitchell, mr. Warrell, jun. miss Arnold, miss Solomons, master Harris and mr. Francis.

☞ Mrs. WARRELL having declined taking a benefit this season—Tickets delivered by Mrs. Warrell, for this evening, will be admitted.—Tickets to be had of Mr. Warrell, No. 230, corner of Market and Seventh streets.

*** Tickets to be had of Mrs. Morris, at No. 70, South Fifth street.

On Friday, the Castle Spectre, with Entertainments.

Mr. Cooper's night will be on Saturday next.

VIVAT RESPUBLICA.

Wanted to Charter,
A VESSEL,
Of the burthen of 180 tons, to load for Hamburg.

Apply to
JACOB SPERRY & CO.
Who have for sale a variety of
German Linens—Also Tapes, Oil Cloths, Decanters, Tumblers, Window Glass, 8 by 10, Coffee Mills, &c.
April 23 d6t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

APRIL 22, 1800.

THE Propeietors of Funded Stock credited on the Books of the Treasury, who do not prefer receiving their quarterly dividends, at the city of Washington, are requested to cause their credits to be transferred to the books of some one of the Commissioners of Loans.

The Attornies of foreign creditors who are not able to comply with the foregoing recommendation, and who are desirous of receiving their dividends at the Bank of the United States, as heretofore practised, are requested to give notice to the Register of the Treasury, of the names of the foreign creditors, and the sums of stock for which they are attornies, that measures may be personally taken for complying with their wishes.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.
april 23 d2w

Just Arrived,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
THE CARGO
OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,
Theodore Bliss, Commander, from Bengal.
CONSISTING OF
An assortment of Piece Goods.
Sugars of the first quality,
And 200 qr. chests of superior quality Hyson Teas.

Willings & Francis, and Thomas & John Clifford.
March 17 d.

INDIA GOODS.

ALEXANDER J. MILLER,
No. 106 South Front street, opposite the Custom House,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
Per the ship Harmony, captain Kollock, from Calcutta,
Garrahs Superior,
Garrahs Berboom,
Do. Catwa,
Gazzunahs,
Baftas,
Cossacs,
Mamoodies,
Fine plain Mullmulls and Hand'fs.
ALSO,
Per the ship Jean, captain M'Pherson, from Canton,
White Nankeens,
Yellow Do.
Lutestrings and Shenshaws,
Sewing Silks,
Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas of an excellent quality.
April 22. dtf

Just Arrived,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
THE CARGO
Of the Ship CANTON,
Richard Dale, Commander, from Canton,
CONSISTING OF
Bohea, Souchong, Hyson Skin, Young Hyson and Hyson. } TEAS.
White, Yellow } NANKEENS.
Sugar of 1st quality.
China Ware.
Cassia.
Fans.
An assortment of Silks.

WILLINGS & FRANCIS,
No. 21, Penn Street.
April 14. d.

PROPOSALS,

FOR CARRYING

The Mails of the United States,

On the following Post Roads,

Will be received at the General Post Office, Philadelphia, until the 10th day of July next.

1. FROM Portsmouth, by Hamptonfalls, Newburyport, Ipswich, Beverley, Salem and Lynn to Boston, three times a week.

From April 15 to October 15.

Leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 A. M. and arrive at Boston the same days by 6 P. M. *Returning*, leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A. M and arrive at Portsmouth the same days by 6 P. M.

From October 15 to April 15.

Leave Portsmouth every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1 P. M. and arrive at Boston on the following days, Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M. *Returning*, leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. and arrive at Portsmouth the next days, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A. M.

2. From Boston by Worcester, Brookfield, Springfield, Suffield, Hartford, Wethersfield, Middletown, Durham, Wallingford, New-Haven, Milford, Stratford, Fairfield, Norwalk, Stamford, New Rochelle, East Chester and Haerlem to New-York, three times a week.

From April 15 to October 15.

Leave Boston every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M. arrive at Worcester by 6 P M. Leave Worcester every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. Arrive at Brookfield by 10 A M. at Springfield by 2 P M. at Suffield by 5 P M. and at Hartford at 9 P M. the same days. Leave Hartford every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 3 A M. arrive at New Haven by noon; leave New-Haven at 1 P M. and arrive at Stamford by 9 P M. same days. Leave Stamford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. and arrive at New-York same days by 12 o'clock, noon. *Returning*, leave New-York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M. arrive at Stamford in the evening; leave Stamford every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3 A M; arrive at New-Haven by noon; leave New-Haven at 1 P M. and arrive at Hartford by 9 P M; leave Hartford on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 3 A M; arrive at Springfield by 10 A M, and at Worcester by 9 P M; leave Worcester every Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday by 3 A M, and arrive at Boston same days by 1 P M.

From October 15 to April 15.

Leave Boston every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 A M; arrive at Worcester by 3 P M; leave Worcester on Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 4 A M; arrived at Suffield same days by 8 P M. Leave Suffield Thursday, Saturday and Tuesday at 4 A M. and arrive at New-Haven by 8 P M. Leave New-Haven every Friday, Monday and Wednesday at 4 A M, and arrive at New-York the next days Saturday, Tuesday and Thursday by 11 A M.

Returning, leave New-York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 A M; arrive at New-Haven on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 8 P M. Leave New-Haven every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A M. arrive at Suffield by 8 P M. Leave Suffield Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 4 A. M. and arrive at Worcester by 8 P M. Leave Worcester every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A M. and arrive at Boston the same days by 4 P M.

3. From New-York by Newark, Elizabethtown, Rahway, Woodbridge, New-Brunswick, Princeton, Trenton, Bristol and Frankford to Philadelphia, every day, Sunday excepted.

Leave New-York every day, Sunday excepted, at 1 P M. and arrive in Philadelphia the next day at 7 A M 18 hours. Returning, leave Philadelphia every day, sunday excepted at 1 P. M. and arrive at New-York the next day by 7 A M. From November 1 to May 1, the hour of arrival at Philadelphia and at New-York shall be extended to 8 A M.

4. From Baltimore by Bladensburg to Washington every day, Sunday excepted.

April 1 to November 1.

Leave Baltimore every day at 11 A M. and arrive at Washington by 6 P M. Returning, leave Washington every day at 3 A M. and arrive at Baltimore by 11 A M.

November 1 to April 1.

Leave Baltimore every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Washington by 2 P M. *Returning*, leave Washington every day at 10 A M. and arrive at Baltimore by 7 P M.

5. From Washington city by George town, Alexandria, Colchester, Dumfries, Aquica, Falmouth, Fredericksburg, Bowling Green and Hanover court house to Richmond, c. h. every day, Sundays excepted.

From April 1 to November 1.

Leave Washington every day at 8 A M. and arrive at Fredericksburg by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 3 A M and arrive at Richmond by 6 P M. Returning, leave Richmond every day by 3 A M. and arrive at Fredericksburg by 6 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day by 3 A M. and arrive at Washington by 4 P M.

November 1 to April 1.

Leave Washington every day at 4 P M. and arrive at Alexandria by 7 P M. and arrive at Fredericksburg the next days by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Richmond the next days by 10 A M. *Returning*, leave Richmond every day at 2 P M. and arrive at Fredericksburg the next days by 7 P M. Leave Fredericksburg every day at 4 A M, and arrive at Washington the next days by 8 A. M.

6. From Richmond to Petersburg every day, Sundays excepted. Leave Richmond every day at 4 A M. and arrive at Petersburg by 10 o'clock, A M. Returning leave Petersburg every day at 2 P M. and arrive at Richmond the same days by 7 P M.

7. From Richmond by New Kent court house, Williamsburg, York-town and Hampton to Norfolk, 3 times a week.

April 1 to November 1.

Leave Richmond every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 A M. Arrive at New-York by 6 P M, and arrive at Norfolk the next days, Wednesdays, Friday, and Sundays by 1 P M. *Returning*, leave Norfolk every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 A M; arrive at York in the evening. Leave York every Wednesday, Friday and Sunday by 3 A M, and arrive at Richmond the same days by 6 P M.

November 1 to April 1.

Leave Richmond every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M; arrive at Norfolk in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 10 A M. *Returning*, leave Norfolk every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M. and arrive at Richmond in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Monday by 10 A *M.*

8. From Petersburg by Cabbin Point Surry court house, Smithfield, Suffolk and Portsmouth to Norfolk three times a week.

Leave Petersburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 12 o'clock, noon, arrive at Suffolk the next days by 1 P *M*; leave Suffolk at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Norfolk by 8 P *M*. Returning, leave Norfolk every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 4 A *M*; arrive at Suffolk same days by 10 A *M*. Leave Suffolk at 11 A *M*, and arrive at Petersburg every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by noon.

9. Petersburg by Harrisville, Goldsonville and Warrenton to Louisburg three times a week.

Leave Petersburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*. and arrive at Louisburg in two days on Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 10 A *M*. Returning, leave Louisburg every *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Petersburg in two days on Wednesday, Friday and *Monday* at 10 A. *M*.

10. From Louisburg by Raleigh, Averysboro' and Fayetteville to *Mc.* Falls, three times a week.

Leave Louisburg every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 P *M*, arrive at *Mc.* Falls on Tuesday, Friday and Sunday by 9 A *M*.

Returning, leave *M*c Falls on *Monday*, Wednesday and Friday at 3 P *M*, and arrive at Louisburg on Wednesday, Friday and *Monday* at 10 A *M*.

11. From *M*c Falls by Chereau court house to Camden three times a week. Leave *M*c Falls every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday at 1 P *M*, and arrive at Camden on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday at 10 A *M*. Returning, leave Camden every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at *M*c Falls on Thursday, Saturday and *Monday* at 10 A *M*.

12. From Camden by Statesburg and Jamesville to Charleston, three times a week. When the river is so high as to make long Ferries, the mail shall be carried from Camden on the south side of Santee river.

Leave Camden every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 2 P *M*, and arrive at Charleston on Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday at 10 A *M*.

Returning, leave Charleston every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 3 P *M*, and arrive at Camden the next Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

13. From Camden by Columbia, Edgefield court house, and Campbell town to Augusta, three times a week.

Leave Candenevery, Sunday, *Tuesday* and *Thursday* at 2 P M, and arrive at Augusta on *Tuesday*, *Thursday* and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

Returning, leave Augusta every Sunday, *Tuesday*, and *Thursday* at 3 P M, and arrive at Camden on *Tuesday*, *Thursday*, and Saturday at 10 A *M*.

14. From Charleston by Jacksonsborough and Coosawhatchy to Savannah twice a week.

Leave Charleston every Tuesday and Thursday at 6 P M. arrive at Jacksonsborough on Wednesday and Friday at 2 P M; arrive at Coosawhatchy on Thursday and Saturday by 5 A M. and arrive at Savannah on Friday and Sunday by 8 A M. *Returning*, Leave Savannah every Saturday and Tuesday by 4 A M. arrive at Coosawhatchy by 8 P M. and arrive at Charleston on Tuesday and Thursday by 10 A M.

15. From Augusta by Louisville to Savannah once a week.

Leave Augusta every Saturday at 3 P M. arrive Louisville on Sunday by 6 P M. leave Louisville on *Monday* at 8 A M. and arrive at Savannah on Tuesday at 5. p. m. leave Savannah on Wednesday at 8 a. m. and arrive at Louisville on Thursday by 5 p. m. leave Louisville on Friday at 6 a. m. and arrive at Augusta on Saturday at 10 a. m.

16. From Augusta by Waynesborough to Savannah once a week.

Leave Augusta every Tuesday at 2 P. M arrive at Waynesborough on Wednesday by 8 A. M. and arrive at Savannah on Friday by 3 P. M. *Returning*, leave Savannah every Saturday at 9 A M. arrive at Waynsborough on Monday by 3 P M. and arrive at Augusta on Tuesday by 9 A M.

17. From Waynesborough to Louisville.

Leave Waynesborough every Wednesday at 9 A M. and arrive at Louisville by 3 P M. *Returning*, leave Louisville every Thursday at 5 A M. and arrive at Waynesborough by 1 P M.

18. From Savannah by Sunbury, Riceborough, Darien and Brunswick to Stary's once a week.

Leave Savannah every Wednesday at 9 A M. arrive at Riceborough on Thursday by 10 A M. and arrive at Starys on Saturday by 9 A M. *Returning*, leave St. Marys every Saturday at 3 P M. arrive at Riceborough the next Monday by 3 P M. and arrive at Savannah the next Tuesday by 5 P M.

NOTES.

Note 1. The mail on the route No. 9, 10, 11 and 12 is to be carried in a wheel carriage or by a led horse. A penalty at the rate of 12 cents a mile will be incurred by the contractor for each time and mile that he shall carry the same without making use of either a carriage or led horse. No alteration will be made in the times fixed for the arrival and departure of the mails in these routs.

Note 2. The Postmaster-General may alter the times of arrival and departure at any time during the continuance of the contracts, he previously stipulating an adequate compensation for any extra expence that may be occasioned thereby.

Note 3. Fifteen minutes shall be allowed for opening and closing the mail at all offices where no particular time is specified.

Note 4. For every fifteen minutes delay (unavoidable accidents excepted) in arriving after the times prescribed in any contract, the contractor shall forfeit one dollar; and if the delay continue until the departure of any depending mail, whereby the mails destined for such depending mail lose a trip, an additional forfeiture of five dollars shall be incurred.

Note 5. Newspapers as well as letters are to be sent in the mails: and if any person, making proposals, desires to carry newspapers, other than those conveyed in the mail, for his own emolument, he must state in his proposals for what sum he will carry it with that emolument, and for what sum without that emolument.

Note 6. Should any person, making proposals, desire an alteration of the times of arrival and departure above specified, he must state in his proposals, the alterations desired, and the difference they will make in the terms of his contract. This note does not apply to the routs No. 9, 10, 11 and 12. No alteration will be made in those times.

Note 7. Persons making proposals are desired to state their prices by the year—Those who contract will receive their pay quarterly, in the month of January, April, July and October.

Note 8. The contracts for the routs numbered 1 to 13, are to be in operation on the 1st day of October next, and are to continue in force until the 1st of October 1804. Contracts for the routs number 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, are also to be in operation on the 1st day of October next, and are to continue in force until the 1st of April 1802.

JOS: HABERSHAM,
Postmaster-General.

General Post Office, Philadelphia, March 20, 1800. } eotJy.

NICKLIN AND GRIFFITH

HAVE FOR SALE

small chests of Ginghams,
4 ditto of colored Muslinets,
4 bales of St. Fernando Serges,
4 ditto of Camblets,
10 ditto of colored and white Cassimeres,
14 trunks of printed Callicoes,

on board the ship Nestor, in the river from Liverpool

The above are in small assorted packages calculated either for the West India or home trade.

30 tons Lead, in pigs,
8 tons of dry White Lead in hhds.
17 casks of fine dry Yellow Paint,
6 ditto of Mineral Black,
1 ditto of ditto White,
10 ditto of Coleothar,
3 ditto of Purple Brown,
10 cases English China Ware in setts,
36 casks of Nails assorted,
300 barrels pickled Salmon,
80 half ditto ditto,
80 barrels Herrings,
20 ditto Shad,
10 ditto Mackarel,
7 casks of Porter in bottles,
20 puncheons Rum,
190 pipes of Brandy, 4th proof,
15 pipes old Madeira Wine,
27 quarter chests Young Hyson Tea,
13 boxes of Imperial ditto,
English Gunpowder, HF
Forged Copper Nails and Bolts,
Sail Canvals,
Empty Wine Bottles,
Cork in sheets,
Green Coffee in hhds.

February 13. mwf

A COUNTRY SEAT.

FOR SALE,

THAT handsome Country Seat, belonging to the estate of Adam Zantzinger, deceased; situated on Schuylkill, near Gray's Ferry, containing about 21 acres of land, on which is erected, a large, commodious brick house, three rooms on a floor, with a large piazza. A good barn, coach house, &c. and a pump of excellent water. The buildings are nearly new, and in good condition. There is also on the premises a noted Rock, called Rambo's, which is one of the best landings and fishing places on the river. The garden is large and very productive, as is the remainder of the land which lays high, and commands a beautiful view of both rivers, the city and the neighbourhood.

Possession can be had immediately.

A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is expected the premises will be viewed previous to a sale, and the price terms of payment, &c will be made known by

HENRY ZANTZINGER,
Administrator to said estate, No. 165, Market street.

N. B.—In case the above property is not disposed of at private sale, it will then be sold at the Merchant's Coffee House, on Saturday the 26th inst. at 7 o'clock in the evening.

april 3 mw&saf

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE SHIP

AMIABLE,

D. C. TILLINGHAST, *Master.*

PHILADELPHIA built, of live oak and cedar, will be ready to receive her cargo at West's wharf in a few days, and to sail about the fifteenth of April. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

JEREMIAH WARDER.

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

The following articles entitled to Drawback.

Cotton Hose, fine Holland Shirting Linen, Table Linen, Ticklings, Rags for Paper makers, Russia Sil Cloth, Ravens Duck, Irish Linens in trunks, London White Lead, Dry and ground in oil, Red and Barr Lead, London Tin in boxes, London refined Salt Petre, New-Castle Grindstones, Roman Tea Cannisters, elegant Girandoles, ten four pound Woolwich proof cannon, double fortified with apparatus compleat, and a quantity of three and nine pound shot.

march 31. 3taw2w.

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of *Isaac Painter* are desired to render in their accounts to the subscriber, on or before the first of May next, as a dividend will then be made; and all those indebted to said firm are desired to make immediate payment or they will be dealt with as the law directs.

JACOB CLARK, Assignee

April 9. 3tawt1M

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

About 25 acres of Land,

LAYING on the east side of the Falls Road — On the East it is bounded by property belonging to Mr. Tench Francis, sen.—on the south, by a road of two perches, and on the north by a lane, which separates it from Mr. M'Call. It is proposed to divide this land into 3 equal parts in order to suit the purchasers.

Also, 31 acres, situated on the west side of Germantown road, adjoining Masters's estate, being part of the property of the late Samuel Mifflin.

For terms apply to Samuel Mifflin, corner of Market and 11th streets.

January 24. dtf.

DESERTED,

FROM the United States Frigate Philadelphia, DAVID DEVINE, by trade a Shoemaker, born in Ireland, 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, light complexion and hair.

ALSO,

WATSON LUDLOW, by trade a Shoemaker, born in New-Jersey, 33 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair and complexion. Whoever will take up said Deserters and deliver them on board the said frigate, shall receive ten dollars reward for each, and reasonable charges.

March 12. 3tawtf.

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, North Water-street,

HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING

GOODS,

ENTITLED to drawback, which they offer for sale at moderate prices for cash, or the usual credit; or on a credit of 12 or 18 months upon Mortgages on Real Property, in or near the City of Philadelphia, or other satisfactory security

50 boxes and bales Ticklenburghs.
60 do. do. Hempen linens.
50 do. do. Oznabrigs.
50 do Patterbornes.
25 do. Bielfield Linens.
11 do. Creas and Creas a la Morlaix.
Brown Rolls.
Do. Hessians.
Polish Rolls.
Bed Ticks.
Siamois.
Arabias.
Empty Bags.
Oil Cloths.
Shoes and Slippers.
Soal and upper Leather.
Quills and Sealing Wax.
A package Gold and Silver Watches.
A few chests Toys.
Slates and Pencils.
70 hhds. Havanna Molasses
13 pipes old Port Wine.
25 boxes Tumblers assorted.
200 boxes Hamburgh Window Glass 8 by 10, &c.
1 chest assorted Looking Glasses.
Several large elegant do.
1500 Demijohns.
50 kegs Pearl Barley.
A few tons Roll Brimstone.
20 kegs Yellow Ochre.
A few bbls. Rosin.
40 tons Russia Hemp.
80 hhds. Hogs Bristles.
2 hhds. Dutch Glue.
20 casks Nails assorted from 3d. to 20d.
16 casks Ironmongery.
8 casks Hoes.
German Steel.
6 hhds. Coffee mills.
Blocking Twine, Tapes, Stone Pickling Pots, &c &c.

February 15 satu&f

PROPOSALS

BY A. DICKINS & J. ORMROD,

FOR PUBLISHING

The Pursuits of Literature,

A SATIRICAL POEM

IN FOUR DIALOGUES,

WITH NOTES.

To which will be Annexed,

A VINDICATION OF THE WORK,

AND

TRANSLATIONS

Of all the Greek, Latin, Italian, and French passages, quoted in the Prefaces, Vindication and Notes.

BY THE AUTHOR.

PROPOSALS.

The Work will be printed from the last London edition, and will form a large octavo volume of about 500 pages, including an index which this edition will alone possess.

It shall be elegantly executed and be delivered to subscribers at the moderate price of *two dollars and fifty cents*, in boards. To others it will be raised.

N. B.—It is now in the Press, and will be finished with all possible speed.

*** Subscriptions will be received by A. Dickins, No. 25, North Second Street, opposite Christ Church, and J. Ormrod, No. 41, Chesnut-street, and by the principal Booksellers throughout the United States.

march 27, 3awtf.

JUST COME TO HAND,

And for sale at

W. YOUNG, J. & J. CRUKSHANK, AND THOMAS DOBSON'S BOOKSTORES,

A POEM,

Sacred to the memory of

GEORGE WASHINGTON,

Late President of the United States, and Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States.

Adapted to the 22d February 1800.

By *RICHARD ALSOP.*

march 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

From the BOSTON Manufactory,

A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes,

FOR SALE

By ISAAC HARVEY, Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF

LAND,

LYING on the Potomac River, county of Northumberland, state of Virginia; containing about 1400 acres—its situation is equal to any other in the Northern Neck, remarkable for every kind of wild fowl, oysters, fish and crab, and none better for health. It is about the same distance from Baltimore, Alexandria and Norfolk, and not more than one days sail from either. There are three improved plantations with dwelling houses, the one known by the name of Exeter Lodge, formerly the residence of col. John Gordon, is an elegant two story brick house, with four rooms on a floor, and a passage sixteen feet wide.

The other two are commodious and conveniently fitted, with good and suitable out houses, at one of which John Murphy, Esq. (now of Westmoreland county) lived several years; on this farm there is a good grist mill, with water sufficient to turn any number of stones; also convenient store houses and granaries on a public road, well situated for a country store. On each of those places there are fine apple and peach orchards. The greater proportion of the land is of the first quality, and near the half of the whole heavily timbered. The terms may be known by applying to Wm. P. Tebbs Baltimore, Foushee G. Tebbs, esq. of Richmond county, Virginia, or to Thomas Murgatroyd and Sons, Philadelphia.

Feb. 5—14. 3taw

WHEREAS,

AN attachment was lately issued out of the inferior court of common pleas of the county of Essex, in the state of New Jersey, directed to the sheriff of the said county, against the rights, credits, monies and effects, goods and chattels, lands and tenements of *John Cleves Symmes* at the suit of *William Wells*, in a plea of trespass on the case to his damage three thousand dollars;—

And whereas, the said sheriff did, at the term of June last past, return to the said court that he had attached the defendant by a certain bond given by Matthias Denman and Samuel Meeker to the said defendant, to the amount of near two thousand dollars, and also by sixty land warrants;—

Now therefore, unless the said John Cleves Symmes shall appear, give special bail, and receive a declaration at the suit of the plaintiff, judgment will be entered against him, and his property herein attached, will be sold agreeably to the statute in such case made and provided.

Aaron Ogden, *Clerk, &c.*

Elizabeth-town, July 8, 1799 (11) 1aw12m

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Mathew Irwin did on the 8th day of July 1797 make an assignment of his estate and effects, to us the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors, as should on or before the 20th of September, 1797, execute to him a full and final discharge—Now those of his creditors who are entitled to a dividend under said assignment, are requested to furnish their accounts to Samuel Meeker, with interest calculated up to the 8th day of July, 1797, as a dividend will absolutely be struck on the first day of April next, and those who neglect to comply with this notice will thereafter be excluded from the benefit of the same.

Philip Nicklin
Samuel Meeker
Nath'l Lewis, by his Ads.
Pearson Hunt
John M. Taylor

} Assignees.

Philadelphia, March 14 m&th.tf

MAP OF NEW-JERSEY.

THE commissioners appointed for the purpose of circulating subscription papers, to the proposed plan of procuring an accurate Map of New-Jersey, immediately after their appointment transmitted printed copies of the plan to various persons in the several counties of this state, and in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, and since that time, through the medium of the public prints, have requested the gentlemen entrusted with those papers, to return the number of subscribers by them respectively procured, to James Salter, Esq. at Trenton, on or before the 6th day of February last. The number of subscriptions received, not amounting to two thousand, the commissioners did not conceive themselves authorized to fix a day for the meeting of the company; nevertheless being of opinion from respectable information, that the actual subscriptions are nearly, if not fully, adequate to the complete organization of the company, if they could be ascertained by regular returns, and being convinced that a trifling degree of exertion, on the part of the persons holding the subscription lists, would enable them to carry the intention of the subscribers into effect, they have by the unanimous advice and consent of the subscribers, whom they have been able to consult, fixed on the 14th day of May next, being the 2d day of the sitting of the supreme court, for a meeting of the subscribers at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the State House in Trenton, for the purpose of electing five Trustees and a Treasurer, if the number of subscriptions should be sufficient, or in any event to determine on the measures necessary to secure the attainment of an object so useful to the state.

From the universal approbation exhibited by their fellow-citizens, at the commencement of this undertaking, it was to be expected that the subscriptions returned would have ensured its immediate execution. And the commissioners are pursuaded if proper attention is paid to the procuring of subscriptions, to their punctual return at the time fixed for the meeting, and to the attendance of the subscribers, either in person or by proxy, that no farther delay will take place in commencing the operations of the company, in time for their execution during the course of the ensuing summer.

WILLIAM PEARSON,
MASKEL EWING,
THOMAS M POTTER,
} Commrs.

TRENTON, March 22, 1800.

N. B. Subscription papers are left with the following (among other) gentlemen, in their respective counties, to whom those persons desirous of promoting the object of the company are requested to apply:

Wm. Campfield, Esq.	*Morris.*
Gershom Dunn, Esq.	*Middlesex.*
Artis Seagrave, Esq.	*Salem.*
Silas Dickerson, Esq.	*Sussex.*
George Burgin, Esq.	*Cumberland.*
Wm M'Ewen, Esq.	*Somerset.*
William Lloyd, Esq.	*Monmouth.*
Joseph Hankinson, Esq.	*Hunterdon.*
Peter Ward, Esq.	*Bergen.*
Charles Clark, Esq.	*Essex.*

The above gentlemen, with all others holding subscription papers, are particularly requested to forward the original subscription papers, to *James Salter*, Esq. Treasurer on or before the 14th day of May next.

March 26,

CAUTION.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the Subscribers Note in favor of, and indorsed by Thomas W. Francis, dated yesterday, at 60 days after date for eight hundred dollars. The note is in the hand writing of the Subscriber, and at the bottom a memorandum by the indorser, to the credit of the drawer, Thomas W. Francis. This note together with a contract between Charles Williamson, and Charles Hale for lands in township, No. 4, in the 5th range of Structer county, state of New-Jersey, and sundry other papers contained in a Pocket Book, were taken from the Subscribers desk last evening. As the above can be of no use to the person who has carried them off, should they be returned, no questions shall be asked.

SAMUEL MIFFLIN.

February 6. dtf.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwise *CUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman, Esq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemish in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Ferge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almost new, a sailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a swansdown striped under jacket; a rorum hat; one fine and one coarse shirt; one muslin handkerchief, sprigged, two ditto striped border, a blue Persian under jacket and two pair cotton stockings. Whoever takes up said negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neigbouring states shall have the above reward or reasonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.

N. B. As said negro formerly lived in Chester county, it is probable he may return there.

November 5

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*